

## Lesson 4-9

### Example 1 Find a Positive Rate of Change

**HEIGHTS** The table below shows Julia's height in inches between the ages of 5 and 12. Find the rate of change in her height between ages 5 and 10.

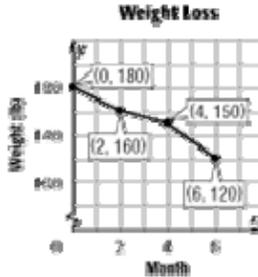
Age (yr)	5	10	12
Height (in.)	48	60	67

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\text{change in height}}{\text{change in age}} &= \frac{(60 - 48) \text{ inches}}{(10 - 5) \text{ years}} && \text{Julia grew from 48 to 60 inches tall from age 5 to age 10.} \\ &= \frac{12 \text{ inches}}{5 \text{ years}} && \text{Subtract to find the change in heights and ages.} \\ &= \frac{2.4 \text{ inches}}{1 \text{ year}} && \text{Express this rate as a unit rate.}\end{aligned}$$

Julia grew an average of 2.4 inches per year.

**Example 2 Find a Negative Rate of Change**

**WEIGHT LOSS** The graph shows Celia's weight over a period of 6 months. Find the rate of change between the first month and the sixth month, and describe how this rate is shown on the graph.



Use the data to write a rate comparing the change in weight to the change in time.

$$\frac{\text{change in weight}}{\text{change in time}} = \frac{120 - 180}{6 - 0}$$

Celia's weight changed from 180 pounds to 120 pounds during the 6-month period.

$$= \frac{-60}{6}$$

Simplify.

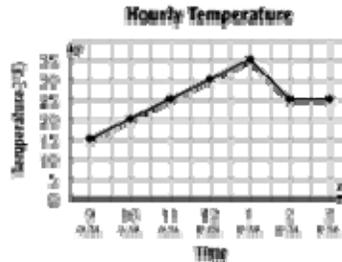
$$= \frac{-10}{1}$$

Express as a unit rate.

The rate of change is  $-10$  pounds per month. The rate is negative because between the first month and the sixth month, her weight *decreased*. This is shown on the graph by a line slanting downward from left to right.

### Example 3 Compare Rates of Change

**TEMPERATURE** The graph shows the temperature during the day over a 6-hour period. Compare the rate of change between 9 A.M. and 10 A.M. to the rate of change between 12 P.M. and 1 P.M. During which period was the rate of change greater?



The segment from 9 A.M. to 10 A.M. appears to have the same steepness as the segment from 12 P.M. to 1 P.M. So, the rate of change during these periods was the same.

**Check** Find and compare the rates of change.

**From 9 A.M. and 10 A.M.**

$$\frac{\text{change in temperature}}{\text{change in time}} = \frac{20 - 15}{1} \\ = 5^{\circ}\text{F}$$

**From 12 P.M. and 1 P.M.**

$$\frac{\text{change in temperature}}{\text{change in time}} = \frac{35 - 30}{1} \\ = 5^{\circ}\text{F}$$

Since  $5^{\circ}\text{F} = 5^{\circ}\text{F}$ , the rate of change was the same during both hours. ✓