# MATH BEHIND THE MARKET 

## Teaching Tools for The Stock Market Game

## Curriculum Developers:

Hilary Hunt
Educational Program Consultant
Camp Hill, PA
Thomas D. Anderson
Mathematics Education Consultant Pottstown, PA

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# Math Behind the Market UNIT ONE: 

Comparing, Ordering, and Converting
Fractions, Mixed Numbers, and D ecimals
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## INTRODUCTION

The purpose of Math Behind the Market is to provide a tool for teachers to reinforce mathematical concepts using The Stock Market Game ${ }^{T M}$ (SMG) Program. Designed to be flexible and easy to use, this module on Fractions and Decimals is divided into two units based on mathematical content:

Unit 1: Comparing, Ordering and Converting Fractions, Mixed Numbers, and Decimals
Unit 2: Single-Step Problem Solving

## ACTIVITIES

The activities may be used separately or together. Each activity allows for flexibility in its use. The following are examples of how to use the activities:

As a Class: The teacher or a student can complete the answers using a transparency.
In a Group: Have students work in cooperative learning groups to complete the activity. The group may or may not be organized according to SMG teams.
On Their Own: Students can complete the activity on their own either in class or as a homework assignment.

Each unit contains specific information on its activities including:

- Description
- Math Objectives
- SMG Concepts
- Connections and Extensions

Definitions of SMG concepts are included in the Glossary at the end of the module. As needed, answer keys are included directly following the corresponding activity. Answer keys are not provided for the Figure it Out! activities. Use of a calculator has been left to the teacher's discretion.

Within each unit there is at least one Figure it Out! activity. These activities are intended to provide the teacher with maximum flexibility. The following are examples of how the Figure it Out! activities may be used:


As a Class: Find the information needed using a newspaper or the Internet. Complete the activity as a class or assign various groups to complete specific problems or sections.
In a Group: Have teams of students use the information from their SMG portfolio or other stocks of interest to complete the activity.
On Their Own: Have students select the stocks or other information needed based on their interests or ones they have researched for SMG.

If the class is not actively making trades in their SMG portfolios, another option is to assign a stock category to each team. For example, the teacher may assign one group to use information from "NASDAQ companies only" while another group may have a "technology companies only" assignment. Other categories may include:

- NYSE companies
- Companies that make foods or drinks we like
- Companies on the Dow J ones Industrial Average
- Local companies

Let your creativity inspire you or allow students to determine their own list of categories.

## CORRELATION TO MATH CONCEPTS

|  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Math Concepts | A | B | C |  | D | E |  | F | G | H |  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F |  | G |
| Decimals: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Add |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Compare |  | * |  |  | * |  |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |
| - Convert |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Divide |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
| - Multiply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * |  | $\stackrel{\square}{*}$ |
| - Number Line |  |  |  | * |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Order |  | * | * | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | * | * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Integers |  | * |  | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Rounding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  | * |  | \% |
| - Subtract |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * | * |  |  |  |  |
| Fractions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Compare | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Convert |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Mixed Numbers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  |  | $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Number Line | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Order | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Problem Solving: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Solve Word Problems |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  | * | * | * |  |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |
| - Use Formulas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * |  | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ |
| - Write Word Problems |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\div$ |  |  |  |
| - Tables |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Complete |  |  |  |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ |  |  |  |  |
| - Interpret | $\%$ | * |  | $\star$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  | * |  |  |
| - Writing Mathematically |  | * |  |  | $\star$ |  |  |  | $\star$ |  |  |  |  |  | * |  | * |  |  |  |
| Math Concepts | A | B |  | C | D | E |  | F | G | H |  |  | A | B | C | D | E | F |  | G |
|  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CORRELATION TO SMG CONCEPTS

|  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SMG Concepts | A | B | C | D | E |  | F | G |  | H |  | A | B | C | D | E | F |  | G |
| 52-Week Highs and Lows |  | * | * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\star$ | * | $\star$ |  |  |  |  |
| Annual Earnings |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
| Basic Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Broker's Fee |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Daily Highs and Lows |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Decimalization |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends |  | * | * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |
| Earnings per Share |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
| Equity |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foreign Currency |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |
| Gains \& Losses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long Positions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market Capitalization |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
| Net Change (Daily) | * | * | * |  | * $*$ | * |  |  |  | * |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net Cost |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| P/E |  | * | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  | * $*$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shares Outstanding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |
| Short Positions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock Prices |  | * | * |  | * $*$ | * | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ | * |  |  | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * |  | * | * |  | * |  | $*$ |
| Unrealized Gains \& Losses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume |  | * |  |  | $* *$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yield |  | * | * |  | * $\%$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SMG Concepts | A | B | C | D | D E |  | F | G |  | H |  | A | B | C | D | E | F |  |  |
|  | Uni |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | it 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## CORRELATION TO CONNECTIONS AND EXTENSIONS

|  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Connections and Extensions | A |  | C | D | E |  |  | G | H | I | A | B | C | D | E | F |  | G |
| Creative Writing |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Economics |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Guest Speaker |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| Math |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 2 |  | 2 |
| Personal Finance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |
| Research | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| SMG | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 2 |  | 2 |
| Technology |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Writing | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 2 |  |  |
| SMG Concepts | A | B | C | D | E |  | F | G | H | I | A | B | C | D | E | F |  | G |
|  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# UNIT 1: COMPARING, ORDERING AND CONVERTING FRACTIONS, MIXED NUMBERS AND DECIMALS 

## UNIT FOCUS

This Unit provides activities for use in comparing, ordering, and converting rational numbers (fractions, mixed numbers, and decimals).

## UNIT CONTENTS

1A Those Changing Changes (Comparing \& Ordering Fractions)
1B Highs and Lows (Comparing and Ordering Decimals)
1C All Lined Up (Number Lines)
1D Highs and Lows - Figure it Out! (Comparing \& Ordering Decimals)
1E All Lined Up - Figure it Out! (Number Lines)
1F Price Comparison (Comparing and Ordering Decimals)
1G Then and Now (Comparing and Ordering Mixed Numbers \& Decimals)
1H Fractions of a Dollar (Converting Fractions to Decimals)
$11 \quad$ Price is Right (Converting Mixed Numbers to Decimals)

## ACTIVITY 1A: THOSE CHANGING CHANGES

## Description

Students compare and order net changes of stock prices in fraction form and place values on a number line.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Compare fractions
- Order fractions

Interpret and apply information from a table

- Label a number line with fractions of 1
- Place fractions on a number line


## SMG Concepts

Net Change (Daily)

## Connections and Extensions

Writing: Students write a letter to John explaining how to compare fractions.
Research: Students research the origins of stock prices including why fractions were originally used. Research results may be presented to the class or written in an essay.

Students research the origins of fractions including cultures that first developed systems for mathematically comparing "parts of a whole" before the invention of the decimal system.

SMG: Use "The Point of Decimals" (Stock Talk Volume 6, Issue 2) to further explore the switch from fractions to decimals in U.S. stock markets.

## ACTIVITY 1B: HIGHS AND LOWS

## Description

Students order and compare data from a stock table.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Compare decimals to the hundredths place
- Order decimals
- Order negative and positive numbers
- Interpret and apply information from a table


## SMG Concepts

52-Week Highs and Lows
Dividends
Net Change (Daily)
P/E
Stock Prices
Volume
Yield

## Connections and Extensions

Math: Use Activity 1C as a follow-up to reinforce placement of numbers on a number line.
Creative Writing: Students select one of the stock symbols used in the lesson. Each student creates a company name based on the chosen symbol and then write a paragraph explaining the company. The teacher may provide the following questions to guide their writing:

- What goods or services does the company provide?
- Who are the company's customers?
- Does the company have a specialty?
- How did the company get its start?

Research: Have students research the origins of stock prices including why fractions were originally used.

## ACTIVITY 1C: ALL LINED UP

## Description

Students place values from a stock table on a number line.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Order decimals
- Order negative and positive numbers
- Determine the appropriate scale for a number line
- Label a number line
- Determine the placement of numbers on a number line
- Interpret and apply information from a table


## SMG Concepts

52-Week Highs and Lows
Dividends
Net Change (Daily)
P/E
Stock Prices
Yield

## Connections and Extensions

Math: Use before or after Activity 1B.

Writing: Students respond to the prompt, "Which was the most difficult number line to create? Why?"
Creative Writing: See Activity 1B.
Research: See Activity 1B.

## ACTIVITY 1D: HIGHS AND LOWS - FIGURE IT OUT!

## Description

Students locate stock data using a newspaper or the Internet, complete a stock table, and compare and order the data.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Compare decimals to the hundredths place
- Order decimals
- Order negative and positive numbers
- Complete a table with information gathered from other sources
- Interpret and apply information from a table


## SMG Concepts

52-Week Highs and Lows
Dividends
Net Change (Daily)
P/E
Stock Prices
Volume
Yield

## Connections and Extensions

See suggestions for Activity 1B.

## ACTIVITY 1E: ALL LINED UP - FIGURE IT OUT!

## Description

Students place values from a stock table on a number line.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Order decimals
- Order negative and positive numbers
- Determine the appropriate scale for a number line
- Label a number line
- Determine the placement of numbers on a number line
- Complete a table with information gathered from other sources
- Interpret and apply information from a table


## SMG Concepts

52-Week Highs and Lows
Dividends
Net Change (Daily)
P/E
Stock Prices
Volume
Yield

## Connections and Extensions

Math: Use before or after Activity 1D. Number 8 may be made optional or a "challenge" problem.
Writing: Students respond to the prompt, "Which was the most difficult number line to create? Why?" Creative Writing: See Activity 1B.

Research: See Activity 1B.

## ACTIVITY 1F: PRICE COMPARISON

## Description

Students compare and order stock prices.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Compare decimals to the hundredths place
- Order decimals


## SMG Concepts

Decimalization
Stock Prices

## Connections and Extensions

Writing: Students respond to the prompt, "Identify a situation in which it is beneficial to know which stock price is greatest (or least) and write a paragraph explaining the situation."

## ACTIVITY 1G: THEN AND NOW

## Description

Students compare and order stock prices in fraction and decimal forms.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Compare decimals to mixed numbers
- Order decimals and mixed numbers
- Express a statement using appropriate mathematical symbols


## SMG Concepts

Decimalization
Stock Prices

## Connections and Extensions

Math: Students write their own mathematical expressions in word (expanded) form then exchange with another student who will translate the expression into numerical form. Students exchange again and discuss the accuracy of the expressions. (Example: one and one-third is greater than one would be translated to $1^{1 / 3}>1$.)

Writing: Students respond to the prompt, "Would you prefer to have stock prices listed in fraction or decimal form? Why?"

Research: Students research the origin of the base 10 decimal system and other numbering systems. Potential questions to answer include:

Who developed it?
When was it developed?

Why was it developed?
How was it used?
Is it still used today? If so, how?

## ACTIVITY 1H: FRACTIONS OF A DOLLAR

## Description

Students determine the decimal value of fractional portions of a dollar.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Convert fractions to decimals
- Round a decimal to the nearest hundredth


## SMG Concept

Net Change

## Connections and Extensions

SMG: Use "The Point of Decimals" (Stock Talk Volume 6, Issue 2) to further explore the switch from fractions to decimals in U.S. stock markets

## ACTIVITY 1I: PRICE IS RIGHT

## Description

Students determine the decimal equivalent of stock prices in mixed number form.

## Math Objectives

The student will be able to:

- Convert fractions to decimals
- Round decimals to the nearest hundredth


## SMG Concepts

Stock Prices

## Connections and Extensions

Writing: Students respond to the prompt, "The decision for the United States' stock markets to convert stock prices from fractions to decimals was a difficult one. Do you think people and businesses would want the stock prices to remain in fractions or change to decimals? Why?" The teacher may provide the following as examples of people or businesses that may have an interest in this topic:

Stockbrokers
New Investors
Math Teachers
Newspaper Publishers

## ACTIVITY 1A: THOSE CHANGING CHANGES

J ohn created the table below using information from an old newspaper he found in his grandparents' attic. He has been studying the stock market in his class and was surprised by how different the stock pages looked compared to what he has seen recently in his local paper. All the stock prices are listed in fractions!

| Sтоск (SymboL) | Net Change |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dusty Newspapers, Inc. (DN) | $+^{1} / 2$ |
| Air Tight Attics (ATA) | $+^{1} / 8$ |
| Frumpy Dresses for All (FRUMP) | $+^{5} / 8$ |
| Old Things Are Good (OTAG) | $+^{3} / 8$ |
| We Sell Records (WSR) | $+^{1} / 4$ |

J ohn hasn't studied fractions yet in his math class. Help him answer the questions below using your knowledge of fractions.

1. Which stock's net change was least?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ Net Change: $\qquad$
2. Which stock's net change was the greatest?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ Net Change: $\qquad$
3. List the net changes in order from least to greatest?

Stock Symbols: $\qquad$ , -_-_-_-_ , -_-_-_-, $\qquad$ , -_-_-_-

Net Changes: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
4. Label the number line below and place the net changes in their appropriate places.


J ohn found other stock changes throughout the paper that looked similar. Help him determine which price change is greater by filling in the blanks with a <or > symbol.
5. $1 / 2 \ldots 1 / 4$
8. $5 / 8 \ldots 1 / 2$
6. $\quad 1 / 4$
$3 / 4$
9. $1 / 2 \ldots 3 / 8$
7. $3 / 4 \ldots \quad 7 / 8$
10. $1 / 8$ _ $\quad 1 / 4$

## ACTIVITY 1A: THOSE CHANGING CHANGES (ANSWER KEY)

J ohn created the table below using information from an old newspaper he found in his grandparents' attic. He has been studying the stock market in his class and was surprised by how different the stock pages looked compared to what he has seen recently in his local paper. All the stock prices are listed in fractions!

| Stock (Symbol) | Change |
| :--- | :--- |
| Dusty Newspapers, Inc. (DN) | $+^{1} / 2$ |
| Air Tight Attics (ATA) | $+^{1} / 8$ |
| Frumpy Dresses for All (FRUMP) | $+^{5} / 8$ |
| Old Things Are Good (OTAG) | $+^{3} / 8$ |
| We Sell Records (WSR) | $+^{1} / 4$ |

J ohn hasn't studied fractions yet in his math class. Help him answer the questions below using your knowledge of fractions.

1. Which stock's price change was least?

Stock Symbol: ATA Net Change: $\pm^{\underline{1}} \underline{\underline{8}}$
2. Which stock's price change was the greatest?

Stock Symbol: FRUMP Net Change: $\pm \underline{5 / 8}$
3. List the stock price changes in order from least to greatest?

Stock Symbols: ATA, WSR, OTAG, DN, FRUMP
Price Changes: $+^{1} / 8,+^{1} / 4,+^{3} / 8,+^{1} / 2,+^{5} / 8$
4. Label the number line below and place the net changes in their appropriate places.

ANSWERS MAY VARY


J ohn found other stock changes throughout the paper that looked similar. Help him determine which price change is greater by filling in the blanks with a <or > symbol.
5. $1 / 2>1 / 4$
6. $1 / 4<3 / 4$
7. $3 / 4<7 / 8$
8. $5 / 8>1 / 2$
9. $1 / 2>3 / 8$
10. $1 / 8<{ }^{1 / 4}$

## ACTIVITY 1B: HIGHS AND LOWS

Use the stock table below to answer the questions that follow.

| Stock <br> Symbol | 52-Wk |  | Div | Yield <br> $\%$ | P/E | Vol <br> $100 s$ | CloseNet <br> Change |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hi | Lo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APES | 20.87 | 12.50 | .49 | 2.73 | 8 | 824 | 18.50 | -1.24 |
| POOR | 24.50 | 16.05 | .82 | 3.70 | 13 | 2134 | 22.14 | -0.92 |
| MUSIC | 20.40 | 11.30 | .20 | 1.57 | 12 | 4118 | 12.77 | +0.01 |
| DOGZ | 20.98 | 11.53 | .27 | 1.30 | 18 | 1348 | 20.70 | +0.76 |

1. Which stock had the greatest 52-Week High?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ 52-Week High: $\qquad$
2. Which stock has the lowest 52-Week Low? Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ 52-Week Low: $\qquad$
3. Which stock had the highest Volume?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ Volume: $\qquad$
4. Which stock had the lowest Volume? Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ Volume: $\qquad$
5. Which stock had the greatest Dividend?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ Dividend: $\qquad$
6. List the Closing Prices in order from least to greatest.

Closing Prices: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
7. List the PE Ratios in order from greatest to least.

PE Ratios: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
8. List the Net Changes in order from least to greatest.

Net Changes: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ _-_-_-_, , $\qquad$
9. List the Yields in order from least to greatest.

Yields: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
10. Which of the above (6-9) was the most difficult to order? $\qquad$
Why? $\qquad$

## ACTIVITY 1B: HIGHS AND LOWS (ANSWER KEY)

Use the stock table below to answer the questions that follow.

| Stock <br> Symbol | 52-Wk |  | Div | Yield \% | P/E | Vol <br> 100s | Close | Net Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hi | Lo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APES | 20.87 | 12.50 | . 49 | 2.73 | 8 | 824 | 18.50 | -1.24 |
| POOR | 24.50 | 16.05 | . 82 | 3.70 | 13 | 2134 | 22.14 | -0.92 |
| MUSIC | 20.40 | 11.30 | . 20 | 1.57 | 12 | 4118 | 12.77 | +0.01 |
| DOGZ | 20.98 | 11.53 | . 27 | 1.30 | 18 | 1348 | 20.70 | +0.76 |

1. Which stock has the greatest 52 -Week High?

Stock Symbol: POOR
52-Week High: $\underline{24.50}$
2. Which stock has the lowest 52-Week Low?

Stock Symbol: MUSIC 52-Week Low: 11.30
3. Which stock had the highest Volume?

Stock Symbol: MUSIC Volume: $\underline{4118}$
4. Which stock had the lowest Volume?

Stock Symbol: APES
Volume: $\underline{824}$
5. Which stock had the greatest Dividend?

Stock Symbol: POOR
Dividend: . 82
6. List the Closing Prices in order from least to greatest.

Closing Prices: $12.77,18.50,20.70,22.14$
7. List the PE Ratios in order from greatest to least.

PE Ratios: 18, 13, 12, 8
8. List the Net Changes in order from least to greatest.

Net Changes: $-1.24,-0.92,+0.01,+0.76$
9. List the Yields in order from least to greatest.

Yields: 1.30, 1.57, 2.73, 3.70
10. Which of the above (6-9) was the most difficult to order? Why? ANSWERS WILL VARY
Sample Answer: Ordering Net Changes was most difficult because of the negative numbers.

## ACTIVITY 1C: ALL LINED UP

Use the stock table below to create and label a number line for each of the values below.

| Stock Symbol | 52-Wk |  | Div | Yield \% | P/E | Vol <br> 100s | Close | Net Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hi | Lo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APES | 20.87 | 12.50 | . 49 | 2.73 | 8 | 824 | 18.50 | -1.24 |
| POOR | 24.50 | 16.05 | . 82 | 3.70 | 13 | 2134 | 22.14 | -0.92 |
| MUSIC | 20.40 | 11.30 | . 20 | 1.57 | 12 | 4118 | 12.77 | +0.01 |
| DOGZ | 20.98 | 11.53 | . 27 | 1.30 | 18 | 1348 | 20.70 | +0.76 |

1. 52-week Highs
2. 52-week Lows
3. Dividends
4. Yields
5. Price to Earnings Ratios
6. Closing Prices.
7. Net Changes.

## ACTIVITY 1C: ALL LINED UP (ANSWER KEY)

Use the stock table below to create the number lines described below.

| Stock <br> Symbol | 52-Wk |  | Div | Yield \% | P/E | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Vol } \\ & 100 \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ | Close | Net Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hi | Lo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APES | 20.87 | 12.50 | . 49 | 2.73 | 8 | 824 | 18.50 | -1.24 |
| POOR | 24.50 | 16.05 | . 82 | 3.70 | 13 | 2134 | 22.14 | -0.92 |
| MUSIC | 20.40 | 11.30 | . 20 | 1.57 | 12 | 4118 | 12.77 | +0.01 |
| DOGZ | 20.98 | 11.53 | 27 | 1.30 | 18 | 1348 | 20.70 | +0.76 |

1. 52-Week Highs

2. 52-Week Lows

3. Dividends

4. Yields


Teachers Note: Answers
will vary. Sample answers have been
provided for your use.
5. Price to Earnings Ratios

6. Closing Prices

7. Net Changes


## ACTIVITY 1D: HIGHS AND LOWS - FIGURE IT OUT!

Complete the table with information from four stocks of your choosing then answers the questions below.

| Stock Symbol | 52-Wk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hi | Div | Yield <br> \% | P/E | Vol <br> 100s | Close | Net <br> Change |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Which stock had the greatest 52 -Week High?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ 52-Week High: $\qquad$
2. Which stock has the lowest 52 -Week Low?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ 52-Week Low: $\qquad$
3. Which stock had the highest Volume?

Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ Volume: $\qquad$
4. Which stock had the greatest Dividend? Stock Symbol: $\qquad$ Dividend: $\qquad$
5. List the Closing Prices in order from least to greatest.

Closing Prices: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
6. List the PE Ratios in order from greatest to least.

PE Ratios: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
7. List the Net Changes in order from least to greatest.

Net Changes: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$
8. List the Yields in order from least to greatest.

Yields: $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , $\qquad$ , -_-_-_-_
9. Which of these was the most difficult to order? Why?

## ACTIVITY 1E: ALL LINED UP - FIGURE IT OUT!

Complete the table with information from four stocks of your choosing then create the number lines described below.

| Stock Symbol | 52-Wk |  | Div | Yield \% | P/E | $\begin{gathered} \text { Vol } \\ \text { 100s } \end{gathered}$ | Close | Net Change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hi | Lo |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. 52-week Highs

2 52-week Lows
3. Dividends
4. Yields
5. Price to Earnings Ratios
6. Closing Prices
7. Net Changes
8. Volumes (Remember that the actual value is 100 times the number shown.)

## ACTIVITY 1F: PRICE COMPARISON

Compare the current stock prices below by filling the blank with either a <or > symbol.

1. $\$ 56.23$ ______-_ $\$ 56.32$
2. $\$ 8.75$ \$8.70
3. $\$ 9.21$ ______ $\$ 8.91$
4. $\$ 15.15$ __-_-_-_ $\$ 15.51$
5. $\$ 27.27$ _-_-_-_ $\$ 27.26$

Place the following stock prices in order from least to greatest.
6. $\$ 9.00, \$ 8.95, \$ 9.05$
7. \$13.03, \$13.30, \$13.00, \$13.33
8. $\$ 42.10, \$ 42.05, \$ 42.01, \$ 42.50$
9. $\$ 16.18, \$ 16.08, \$ 16.00, \$ 15.98, \$ 15.88$
10. $\$ 64.80, \$ 63.08, \$ 64.23, \$ 63.88, \$ 62.98$

## ACTIVITY 1F: PRICE COMPARISON (ANSWER KEY)

Compare the current stock prices below by filling the blank with either a <or > symbol.

1. $\$ 56.23<\$ 56.32$
2. $\$ 8.75>\$ 8.70$
3. $\$ 9.21>\$ 8.91$
4. $\$ 15.15<\$ 15.51$
5. $\$ 27.27>\$ 27.26$

Place the following stock prices in order from least to greatest.
6. $\$ 8.95, \$ 9.00, \$ 9.05$
7. $\$ 13.00, \$ 13.03, \$ 13.30, \$ 13.33$
8. $\$ 42.01, \$ 42.05, \$ 42.10, \$ 42.50$
9. $\$ 15.88, \$ 15.98, \$ 16.00, \$ 16.08, \$ 16.18$
10. $\$ 62.98,63.08, \$ 63.88, \$ 64.23, \$ 64.80$

## ACTIVITY 1G: THEN AND NOW

Many investors purchased stocks when prices were listed in fractions. Now they must compare these prices to the current decimal version. Determine which stock price is greater in each pair below by completing each statement with the appropriate symbol ( $<\gg$, or $=$ ).

1. $32 \frac{1}{2}$ — 32.5
2. $3^{5} / 8$ ___ 3.6
3. 12.4 ____ $12^{3} / 16$
4. $19^{3} / 8$ ____ 19.6
5. $21.75 \ldots 213 / 4$
6. $72 ¼$ ____ 72.25
7. $26^{1 / 8}$ _____ 26.10

Place the stock prices below in order from least to greatest.
8. $\$ 32.50, \$ 32^{1} / 3, \$ 31^{5} / 8, \$ 351 / 4$
9. $\$ 41 / 4, \$ 3.95, \$ 3^{7} /{ }_{16}, \$ 4.30$
10. $\$ 27.30, \$ 27.34, \$ 27^{1 / 3}$
11. $\$ 100^{1} / 8, \$ 100.10, \$ 100^{1} / 5$

Re-write the statements below using the appropriate mathematical symbols.
12. A stock's old price of $\$ 42^{1 / 8}$ is more than the current price of $\$ 41.10$
13. A stock selling for $\$ 33.50$ has the same value as one that used to be $\$ 33^{1} / 2$.

## ACTIVITY 1G: THEN AND NOW (ANSWER KEY)

Many investors purchased stocks when prices were listed in fractions. Now they must compare these prices to the current decimal version. Determine which stock price is greater in each pair below by completing each statement with the appropriate symbol ( $<\gg$, or $=$ ).

1. $321 / 2=32.5$
2. $3^{5} / 8>3.6$
3. $\quad 12.4>12^{3} / 16$
4. $19^{3} / 8<19.6$
5. $21.75=21^{3} / 4$
6. $\quad 721 / 4=72.25$
7. $26^{1 /}{ }_{8}>26.10$

Place the stock prices below in order from least to greatest.
8. $\$ 32.50, \$ 32^{1} / 3, \$ 31^{5} / 8, \$ 351 / 4 \quad$ Answer: $\$ 31^{5} / L_{8} \$ 32^{\frac{1}{2}} \operatorname{L}$ 3 $\$ 32.50, \$ 35^{1 / 4}$
9. $\$ 4^{1 ⁄} / 4, \$ 3.95, \$ 3^{7} / 16, \$ 4.30 \quad$ Answer: $\$ 3^{T}-\underline{I} 160, \$ 3.95, \$ 4^{1} / 4, \$ 4.30$
10. $\$ 27.30, \$ 27.34, \$ 27^{1} / 3 \quad$ Answer: $\$ 27.30, \$ 27^{1} / \underline{3}$ 3 $\$ 27.34$
11. $\$ 100^{1} / 8, \$ 100.10, \$ 100^{1} / 5 \quad$ Answer: $\$ 100.10, \$ 100^{\frac{1}{2}} \underline{L}, \$ 100^{\frac{1}{2}} / \underline{5}$

Re-write the statements below using the appropriate mathematical symbols.
12. A stock's old price of $\$ 42^{1 / 8}$ is more than the current price of $\$ 41.10$.

Answer: $\$ 42^{1} / 8>\$ 41.10$
13. A stock selling for $\$ 33.50$ has the same value as one that used to be $\$ 331 / 2$.

Answer: $\$ 33.50=\$ 33^{11 / 2}$

## ACTIVITY 1H: FRACTIONS OF A DOLLAR

How much is each fraction of a dollar worth? Convert each fraction to a decimal to find out. Round answers to the nearest hundredth.

1. $\frac{1}{2}=$ $\qquad$ 9. $\frac{1}{7}=$
2. $\frac{1}{8}=$ $\qquad$ 10. $\frac{5}{6}=$
3. $\frac{3}{8}=$ $\qquad$ 11. $\frac{1}{32}=$
4. $\frac{1}{4}=$ $\qquad$ 12. $\frac{3}{4}=$
5. $\frac{2}{3}=$ $\qquad$ 13. $\frac{1}{9}=$
6. $\frac{1}{5}=$ $\qquad$ 14. $\frac{1}{10}=$
7. $\frac{1}{6}=$ $\qquad$ 15. $\frac{1}{16}=$
8. $\frac{2}{5}=$ $\qquad$ 16. $\frac{1}{64}=$

## ACTIVITY 1H: FRACTIONS OF A DOLLAR (ANSWER KEY)

How much is each fraction of a dollar worth? Convert each fraction to a decimal to find out. Round answers to the nearest hundredth.

1. $\frac{1}{2}=$
. 5
2. $\frac{1}{8}=$ .13
3. $\frac{3}{8}=$ .38
4. $\frac{1}{4}=$ .25
5. $\frac{2}{3}=$ .67
6. $\frac{1}{5}=$ .2
7. $\frac{1}{6}=$ .17
8. $\frac{2}{5}=$ .4
9. $\frac{1}{7}=\quad .14$
10. $\frac{5}{6}=\quad .83$
11. $\frac{1}{32}=\quad .03$
12. $\frac{3}{4}=\quad .75$
13. $\frac{1}{9}=.11$
14. $\frac{1}{10}=\quad .1$
15. $\frac{1}{16}=\quad .06$
16. $\frac{1}{64}=\quad .02$

## ACTIVITY 1I: PRICE IS RIGHT

Stocks traded in the United States have been priced differently over time. Until 2001, stocks were priced using fractions. Now all stocks are priced in decimals. To compare stock prices from before 2001, convert the old price to a decimal.

What is the decimal price of each of the old stock prices below? Round to the nearest cent or hundredth.


## ACTIVITY 1I: PRICE IS RIGHT (ANSWER KEY)

Stocks traded in the United States have been priced differently over time. Until 2001, stocks were priced using fractions. Now all stocks are priced in decimals. To compare stock prices from before 2001, convert the old price to a decimal.

What is the decimal price of each of the old stock prices below? Round to the nearest cent or hundredth.

| 1. | $26^{3} / 4$ | $=$ | 26.75 | 7. | $5{ }^{3} / 8$ | = | 5.38 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2. | $9^{1 / 2}$ | $=$ | 9.50 | 8. | 385 | = | 38.63 |
| 3. | $14^{3} / 16$ | = | 14.19 | 9. | $12^{1 / 16}$ | = | 12.06 |
| 4. | $27^{9} /{ }_{16}$ | = | 27.56 | 10. | $42^{3 / 8}$ | = | 42.38 |
| 5. | $58^{3} / 4$ | $=$ | 58.75 | 11. | $8^{1 / 4}$ | = | 8.25 |
| 6. | $93^{1 / 8}$ | $=$ | 93.13 | 12. | $19^{7} / 8$ | = | 19.88 |

## APPENDIX A



## APPENDIX B

Correlation of Math Behind the Market to Principles and Standards for School Mathematics by the National Council of Teachers of Mathematics, 2000

|  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standards | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| Number and Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Understand numbers, ways of representing numbers, relationships among numbers, and number systems |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Understand the place-value structure of the base-ten number system and be able to represent and compare whole numbers and decimals (Gr.3-5) |  | * |  | * |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |
| Recognize equivalent representations for the same number and generate them by decomposing and composing numbers (Gr.3-5) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Develop understanding of fractions as parts of unit wholes, as parts of a collection, as locations on number lines, and as divisions of whole numbers (Gr.3-5) | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recognize and generate equivalent forms of commonly used fractions, decimals, and percents (Gr.3-5) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Work flexibly with fractions, decimals, and percents to solve problems (Grades 6-8) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Compare and order fractions, decimals, and percents efficiently and find their approximate locations on a number line (Grades 6-8) | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Develop an understanding of large numbers and recognize and appropriately use exponential, scientific, and calculator notation (Grades 6-8) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |
| Develop a deeper understanding of very large and very small numbers and of various representations of them (Grades 9-12) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |
| Understand meanings of operations and how they relate to one another |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Understand the meaning and effects of arithmetic operations with fractions, decimals, and integers (Grades 6-8) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | * | * | * |
| Judge the effects of such operations as multiplication, division, and computing powers and roots on the magnitudes of quantities (Grades 9-12) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compute fluently and make reasonable estimates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Select appropriate methods and tools for computing with fractions and decimals from among mental computation, estimation, calculators or computers, and paper and pencil, depending on the situation, and apply the selected methods (Grades 6-8) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| Develop and analyze algorithms for computing with fractions, decimals, and integers and develop fluency in their use (Grades 6-8) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * | * | * | * | * | * |
| ALGEBRA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Represent and analyze mathematical situations and structures using algebraic symbols |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Express mathematical relationships using equations (Gr.3-5) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * | * | * |
| Use mathematical models to represent and understand quantitative relationships |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Model problem situations with objects and use representations such as graphs, tables, and equations to draw conclusions (Gr. 3-5) | * | * | * | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  | * |  |
| Data Analysis and Probability |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Formulate questions that can be addressed with data and collect, organize, and display relevant data to answer them |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Represent data using tables and graphs such as line plots, bar graphs, and line graphs (Gr.3-5)) |  |  |  | * | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |


|  | Unit 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unit 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Standards | A | B | C | D | E |  |  | G | H |  | A | B | C | D | E | F | G |
| Problem Solving |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Build new mathematical knowledge through problem solving |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  | * | * | * |  | * |
| Solve problems that arise in mathematics and in other contexts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ | * |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |
| Apply and adapt a variety of appropriate strategies to solve problems |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  | * | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ | * |  | $\star$ |
| Communication |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Organize and consolidate their mathematical thinking through communication |  | * |  | * |  |  |  | $\div$ |  |  |  |  | * |  | $\star$ |  |  |
| Communicate their mathematical thinking coherently and clearly to peers, teachers, and others |  | * |  | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  |  |  |  | * |  | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ |  |  |
| Use the language of mathematics to express mathematical ideas precisely. |  | * |  | * |  |  |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ |  | $*$ |  |  |
| Connections |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Understand how mathematical ideas interconnect and build on one another to produce a coherent whole |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recognize and apply mathematics in contexts outside of mathematics | * | * | * | $\stackrel{1}{*}$ | \% |  | * | $\stackrel{ }{*}$ | : | * | * | * | $\stackrel{*}{*}$ | * | \% | $\stackrel{+}{*}$ | * |
| Representation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Create and use representations to organize, record, and communicate mathematical ideas |  |  |  | $\dot{*}$ | * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | * |  |  |  |

