## Lesson 10-9

## Example 1 Graph a Translation

Translate parallelogram EFGH 4 units right and 3 units down. Graph the translated figure.

- Move each vertex of the figure 4 units right and 3 units down. Label the new vertices $E^{\prime}, F^{\prime}, G^{\prime}$, and $H^{\prime}$.
- Connect the vertices to draw the parallelogram. The coordinates of the vertices of the new figure are $E^{\prime}(-1,1), F^{\prime}(1,-1), G^{\prime}(8,-1)$, and $H^{\prime}(6,1)$.



## Example 2 Find Coordinates of a Translation

Triangle RST has vertices $R(-3,4), S(1,-2)$, and $T(3,2)$. Find the vertices of triangle R'S'T' after a translation of 3 units left and 2 units up. Then graph the figure and its translated image.

| Vertices of <br> $\triangle \boldsymbol{R S T}$ | $(\boldsymbol{x}+(-3), \boldsymbol{y}+\mathbf{2 )}$ | Vertices of <br> $\Delta \boldsymbol{R}^{\prime} \boldsymbol{S}^{\prime} \boldsymbol{T}^{\prime}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $R(-3,4)$ | $(-3+(-3), 4+2)$ | $R^{\prime}(-6,6)$ |
| $S(1,-2)$ | $(1+(-3),-2+2)$ | $S^{\prime}(-2,0)$ |
| $T(3,2)$ | $(3+(-3), 2+2)$ | $T^{\prime}(0,4)$ |

The coordinates of the vertices of triangle $R^{\prime} S^{\prime} T^{\prime}$ are $R^{\prime}(-6,6), S^{\prime}(-2,0)$, and $T^{\prime}(0,4)$.


