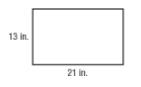
Lesson 3-6

Example 1 Find the Perimeter of a Rectangle Find the perimeter of the rectangle shown below.



$P = 2\ell + 2w$	Perimeter of a rectangle
P = 2(21) + 2(13)	Replace ℓ with 21 and w with 13.
P = 42 + 26	Multiply.
<i>P</i> = 68	Add.

The perimeter is 68 inches.

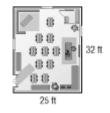
Example 2 Solve a Problem Involving Perimeter

QUILTING Anna is making a rectangular quilt. She wants the length of the quilt to be 6 feet. She wants to put a decorative edging around the quilt. If she has 20 feet of the decorative edging, what is the greatest width the quilt can be?

P = 2l + 2w	Perimeter of a rectangle
20 = 2(6) + 2w	Replace <i>P</i> with 20 and <i>I</i> with 6.
20 = 12 + 2w	Multiply
20 - 12 = 12 + 2w - 12	Subtract 12 from each side.
8 = 2w	Simplify.
4 = w	Divide each side by 2.

The greatest width the quilt can be is 4 feet wide.

Example 3 Find the Area of a Rectangle CLASSROOM Find the area of the classroom shown below.



$A = \ell \cdot w$	Area of a rectangle
$A = 32 \cdot 25$	Replace ℓ with 32 and <i>w</i> with 25.
A = 800	Multiply.

The area of the classroom is 800 square feet.

Example 4 Use Area to Find a Missing Side The area of a rectangle is 68.82 square centimeters. If the width is 7.4 centimeters, find the length.

A = lw	Write the equation.
68.82 = l(7.4)	Replace A with 68.82 and w with 7.4.
$\frac{68.82}{7.4} = \frac{l(7.4)}{7.4}$	Divide each side by 7.4
9.3 = l	Simplify.

So, the length of the rectangle is 9.3 centimeters.