

## **Target Your Reading**

Use this to focus on the main ideas as you read the chapter.

- **Before you read** the chapter, respond to the statements below on your worksheet or on a numbered sheet of paper.
  - Write an A if you agree with the statement.
  - Write a **D** if you **disagree** with the statement.
- **2 After you read** the chapter, look back to this page to see if you've changed your mind about any of the statements.
  - If any of your answers changed, explain why.
  - Change any false statements into true statements.
  - Use your revised statements as a study guide.

Before You Read A or D	Statement	After You Read A or D
	1 Burning is an example of a chemical change.	
	A chemical equation only tells the names of reactants and products.	
	When a substance burns, atoms disappear and new atoms are created.	
	When balancing a chemical equation, it's okay to change the subscripts of a chemical formula.	
	<b>5</b> Some reactions release energy and some adsorb energy.	
	<b>6</b> During chemical reactions, bonds in the reactants break and new bonds form.	
	7 Reactions that release energy do not need any energy to start the reaction.	
	8 Increasing temperature will speed up most chemical reactions.	

As you read, check the predictions you made to see if they were correct.