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CHAPTER 5: Operating Systems

I.	The Operating System When working with multimedia, the operating system is perhaps the most
	, most, and the
	least software that your computer uses.
II.	The Four Layers of a Computer Your computer is a system of four interdependent layers:
	Your computer is a system of four interdependent layers: A
	В
	C
	D
III.	What do the four layers do?
	Aactivates the BIOS.
	B. BIOS (basic input/output system) starts the
	C. The operating system loads drivers, networking services, and application
	software into the computer's
	D. allows you to create your multimedia project.
IV.	What are programming languages?
	Programming languages provide instructions to
V.	Types of Programming Languages
	A: the only language a computer's CPU can read
	B. : a programming language that the CPU can quickly encode to machine language
	C: programming languages that computers can interpret quickly but are not like human language

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VI.	programming languages
	A. Are programming languages that resemble human language.
	B. Need to convert high-level languages to machine language.
	C. Examples:
VII.	Graphical User Interface (GUI)
	A
	1. Was created in 1986.
	2. Is the most often used PC operating system.
	3. Runs a huge number of applications.
	В
	1. Was derived from the first PCs to use GUI.
	2. Is preferred by many designers and multimedia producers.
	3. Runs applications that are often not compatible with Windows.
VIII.	PDA Operating Systems
	The two most popular PDA operating systems are:
	A
	В

X.Types of Network OS

Network operating systems include:

IX. Network Operating Systems

A. _____: designed to work with many kinds of computers

Network operating systems are designed to _____

- **B.** _____ a version of UNIX distributed for free
- **C.** _____: for networks by Apple
- **D.** : Microsoft's network OS
- **E.** _____: Web server software distributed for free

