

## Lesson 12-5

## Example 1

Use the quadratic formula to solve  $3x^2 - 5x + 2 = 0$ .

## Solution

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-5) \pm \sqrt{(-5)^2 - 4(3)(2)}}{2(3)} \quad \text{Substitute for } a, b, \text{ and } c.$$

$$x = \frac{-(-5) \pm \sqrt{25 - 24}}{6} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$x = \frac{5 \pm \sqrt{1}}{6} = \frac{5 \pm 1}{6}$$

$$x = \frac{5 + 1}{6}, x = \frac{5 - 1}{6}$$

$$x = 1, x = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$3x^2 - 5x + 2 = 0$  has two solutions, 1 and  $\frac{2}{3}$ .

**Example 2**

Use the quadratic formula to solve  $4x + 2 = x^2$ .

**Solution**

$$0 = x^2 - 4x - 2 \quad \text{Write the equation in standard form.}$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \quad \text{Use the quadratic equation.}$$

$$x = \frac{-(-4) \pm \sqrt{(-4)^2 - 4(1)(-2)}}{2(1)} \quad \text{Substitute for } a, b, \text{ and } c.$$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 8}}{2} \quad \text{Simplify.}$$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{24}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{4(6)}}{2}$$

$$x = \frac{4 \pm 2\sqrt{6}}{2} = 2 \pm \sqrt{6}$$

The solutions for the quadratic equation  $4x + 2 = x^2$  are  $x = 2 + \sqrt{6}$  and  $x = 2 - \sqrt{6}$ .

**Example 3**

**AERONAUTICS** A model rocket is launched at a velocity of 96 ft/sec.

- How long does it take the rocket to reach its maximum height?
- What is the maximum height reached by the rocket?
- How many seconds does it take the rocket to return to the ground?

**Solution**

The velocity is 96 feet per second, so  $d = 96t - 16t^2$ .

- At its maximum height, the rocket is at the vertex of the parabola formed by the flight path. The time required to reach the maximum height is the  $x$ -coordinate of the vertex. Use  $-\frac{b}{2a}$  to find the time.

$$-\frac{96}{2(-16)} = \frac{96}{32} = 3$$

It takes the rocket 3 seconds to reach its maximum height.

- The maximum height is the  $y$ -coordinate of the vertex. Substitute  $t = 3$  into the equation.

$$\begin{aligned} d &= 96(3) - 16(3)^2 \\ d &= 288 - 16(9) \\ d &= 288 - 144 = 144 \end{aligned}$$

The maximum height reached by the rocket is 144 feet.

- At ground level,  $d$  is 0. To find when the rocket returns to the ground, solve the equation.

$$\begin{aligned} 96t - 16t^2 &= 0 \\ 6t - t^2 &= 0 \\ t(6 - t) &= 0 \quad t = 0, t = 6 \end{aligned}$$

The rocket returns to the ground level in 6 seconds.

